



MASSO Threading Program Using a Spring Finish Pass

We had a customer who was having a problem with his MASSO Conversation Threading program.

He said that when he programmed the major diameter and the minor diameter of his thread. The major diameter was good, but the minor diameter was .015 - .020" larger than the minor diameter that he input into the conversation settings.

He was cutting a 3/8-16 thread.

Specs for a 3/8-16 2A Class Thread:

Major Diameter = .3737 - .375

Minor Diameter = .297

Pitch Diameter: .331 - .334

Thread Pitch = .0625"

To check his problem, I made a test program that would do the following:

- 1. All turning and threading operations are done with the threading tool.
- 2. Rough turn the OD to .374 by Z-.600.
- 3. Rough thread the part to Minor diameter of .298" by Z-.500.
- 5. Then we make a finish pass on the Major diameter of .373 by Z-.500. This is to clean up the O.D..
- 6. Then we copy the last 5 thread passes from the rough threading cycle. We add one more pass that is .001 deeper than the last pass of the rough threading cycle. This becomes our "Spring Pass" for cleaning up the threads. This threading cycle cuts the minor diameter to .297 by Z-.500.

Conclusion

- 1. When we ran the program below, all of the minor diameters came out on size within .001".
- 2. The threading spring pass cut material on the last four passes of the program.
- 3. The Minor diameter being oversize on the customers parts was probably due to flex in the material during the first threading cycle and/or a dull threading tool which will push the part away as it is cutting the thread.
- 4. We strongly suggest using a spring pass threading cycle on all of your threads in order to get your threads on size along with consistent thread form and pitch.

Thank you, Sherline Products Inc.

Tip

I have never cut a thread that was perfect and on size on the first try. You will find that most of the time you will need to move your tool offset in and rerun the program in order to bring your thread to the correct size. In the attached program the threading cycle makes 30 passes to cut the thread. When you recut the thread to bring it to size, the cutter is only going to remove material on the last couple passes (depending on your offset amount). You will save a lot of time if you cut and paste the "SPRING Threading Cycle" and make a short program. Then run this program after each tool offset change to get your thread on size. See Program 38 16 FIN THRD at the end for the Finish Threading program that you will use to bring your threads to size after each tool offset change.

Sample Program Program Name: 38 16 THRD

(----Program units: inch----)

G90 G20

(---MASSO - OD Wizard---)

T3 M6

(---Start Spindle---) M3 S2000 G4 P2000 (------ Finish Cut ------) S2000 G0 Z0.0500 G0 X0.3740 G1 Z-0.6000 F3.0000 G0 X0.3750 G0 Z0.0500

(---MASSO - Threading Wizard---)

T3 M6

(---Start Spindle---) M3 S400 G4 P3000

(----- Start Threading ------) G0 Z0.1994 G0 X0.3720 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1989 G0 X0.3700 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1983 G0 X0.3680 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1978 G0 X0.3660 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1972 G0 X0.3640 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1967 G0 X0.3620 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1961 G0 X0.3600 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1956 G0 X0.3580 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1950 G0 X0.3560 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1945

G0 X0.3540 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1939 G0 X0.3520 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1933 G0 X0.3500 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1928 G0 X0.3480 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1922 G0 X0.3460 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1917 G0 X0.3440 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1911 G0 X0.3420 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1906 G0 X0.3400 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1900 G0 X0.3380 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1895 G0 X0.3360 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1889 G0 X0.3340 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240

G0 Z0.1884 G0 X0.3320 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1878 G0 X0.3300 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1873 G0 X0.3280 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1867 G0 X0.3260 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1861 G0 X0.3240 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1856 G0 X0.3220 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1850 G0 X0.3200 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1845 G0 X0.3180 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1839 G0 X0.3160 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1834 G0 X0.3140 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1828 G0 X0.3120 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625

G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1823 G0 X0.3100 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1817 G0 X0.3080 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1812 G0 X0.3060 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1806 G0 X0.3040 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1800 G0 X0.3020 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1795 G0 X0.3000 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1789 G0 X0.2980 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.2000

(---MASSO - OD Wizard---)

T3 M6

(---Start Spindle---) M3 S2000 G4 P2000

(------ Finish Cut ------) S2000

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G0 Z0.0200
G0 X0.3730
G1 Z-0.6000 F2.0000
G0 X0.3740
G0 Z0.0200
(---MASSO - Threading Wizard---)
T3 M6
(---Start Spindle---)
M3 S400
G4 P3000
(----- Start SPRING Threading Cycle ------ )
G0 X0.3940
G0 Z0.1806
G0 X0.3040
G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625
G0 X0.4240
G0 Z0.1800
G0 X0.3020
G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625
G0 X0.4240
G0 Z0.1795
G0 X0.3000
G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625
G0 X0.4240
G0 Z0.1789
G0 X0.2980
G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625
G0 X0.4240
G0 Z0.1789
G0 X0.2970
G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625
G0 X0.4240
G0 Z0.1789
G0 X0.2970
G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625
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G0 X0.4240

G0 Z0.2000

(---Stop Spindle---) M5

(---END OF PROGRAM---) M30

Program Sample for Finish Thread Cycle Program Name: 38 16 FIN THRD

(Program----38 16 FIN THRD----) (----Program units: inch----) G90 G20 G94

T3 M6

(---Start Spindle---) M3 S400 G4 P3000

(------ Start SPRING Threading Cycle ------)

G0 X0.3940 G0 Z0.1806 G0 X0.3040 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1800 G0 X0.3020 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1795 G0 X0.3000 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1789 G0 X0.2980 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625 G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1789 G0 X0.2970 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625

G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.1789 G0 X0.2970 G32 Z-0.5000 F0.0625

G0 X0.4240 G0 Z0.2000

(---Stop Spindle---) M5

Low-Speed, High-Torque Pulley settings

1. The headstock pulley has a high range and a low range. The high range is good for most operations. The lower range has slower maximum RPM with higher torque. The low-speed belt setting is designed for heavy cuts in hard material and also for courser thread cutting.



FIGURE 1—Use the pulley groove closest to the headstock for low-speed, high-torque settings.

- If you use this pulley position, the maximum RPM of the spindle will be 1350 RPM, whereas the maximum RPM in the high-speed position is2800-3100 RPM. You will also need to change your settings for your spindle on the F1 Setup page so the control can sync the spindle speed and the Z-axis feed for thread cutting.
- 3. To do this click on the F1 Setup page. Then double click on "Spindle" in the function settings.

Function Settings
Homing
Spindle
General Settings
Lubrication
Tool Changer
X - Axis
Z - Axis
Save & Load Calibration Settings



4. The "Spindle RPM at 10 volts" will be set at 2800-3100 for the high-speed pulley setting.

		MPG	Dial Signal - B		No	Low	
-		Spindle					
		Encoder	(Pulses per revolution):	5			
		Spindle (Control Method:	•	PWM VFD		
_	-						
	╞	Spindle F	RPM at 10 volts:	28		_	
	-	PWM Fre	equency (Hz):	40	00 ~ 00		
	-	Spin UP	delay (milliseconds):	30	00		
	-	Spin DO	WN delay (milliseconds):	30	00	-	
SA			Save	Canc	el		

FIGURE 3

5. You will need to change this setting to 1350 and then click on Save.

-		MPG	Dial Signal - B		No	Low			
-		Spindle							
	-	Encoder	(Pulses per revolution):	5					
	-	Spindle (Control Method:	•	PWM VFD				
	-	Spindle F	RPM at 10 volts:	13	50				
	-	Spin UP	equency (Hz): delay (milliseconds):	30	00 00				
SA	-	- Spin DO'	WN delay (milliseconds):	30	00				
		_ Save Cancel							

FIGURE 4—Change the Spindle RPM setting from 3100 to 1350 for the low-speed, high-torque setting.

Now you are set to cut threads using the low-speed/high-torque pulley.